

지원 학부 · 과 (전공)

수험번호

성명

※[1-6] Choose the one that is closest in meaning to the underlined word(s). [2 points each]

1. When such young people go to a university they probably discover congenial souls and enjoy a few years of great happiness.

- ① kindred ② virtuous
③ romantic ④ immortal

2. Once in a dry season, I wrote in large letters across two pages of notebook that innocence ends when one is stripped of the delusion that one likes oneself.

- ① belief ② confidence
③ abstraction ④ misconception

3. Although it's proverbial that you can't miss what you never had, or what never truly was, romantic notions of black people's unity and struggle in the past magnify the despair of present realities.

- ① provable ② illuminating
③ well-known ④ controversial

4. Stress leads to symptoms such as elevated heart rate, and altered gastrointestinal and reproductive function. We also know that for both humans and animals, stress can increase susceptibility to infection.

- ① defence ② immunity
③ insensitivity ④ vulnerability

5. The Foundation for Human Rights has decried the verdict, saying it is "deeply problematic" and that there is a fundamental flaw in the way in which the International Athletics Federation has approached the issue.

- ① has pleaded ② has criticized
③ has triggered ④ has emphasized

6. Owing to all these differences of outlook a person of given tastes and convictions may find himself practically an outcast while he lives in one set, although in another set he would be accepted as an entirely ordinary human being.

- ① boosts ② aptitudes
③ principles ④ conventions

※[7-10] Choose the one that best completes the sentence. [2.5 points each]

7. Relativism taken to its limit becomes _____: not the view that each culture or society has its own truth, but that each individual has his or her own truth.

- ① pluralism ② absolutism
③ determinism ④ subjectivism

8. The term *placebo* refers to a dummy pill passed off as a genuine pharmaceutical or, more broadly, any _____ treatment presented as a real one. By definition, a placebo is a deception, a lie.

- ① sham ② shameful
③ shallow ④ shadowy

9. I love 'From Street Kids to Royal Knights' because it is about believing in yourself. It shows how self-confidence beats negativity from others and proves that no matter what, or how little, is expected from you by society, no one can _____ you or your abilities if you have faith in yourself.

- ① diffuse ② invoke
③ dismiss ④ enhance

10. In almost every Western country, teenagers are starting to drink later than they used to. This is partly because they socialise a lot with each other online, rather than in person. Better parenting may play a role too. Judging by historical patterns, this later _____ of drinking means today's teenagers will be a generation of light drinkers when they grow up.

- ① onset ② side-effect
③ disclosure ④ by-product

※[11–14] Choose the one that is grammatically INCORRECT. [2 points each]

11. Loneliness is the ①hidden scourge of modern life, but a new community initiative ②shows how social isolation can be ③beaten, ④lead to better health.
12. It is a bad idea to take a shower during a thunderstorm. If lightning ①hits your house, it can travel through your ②plumbing and shock anyone ③whoever comes into contact with water ④flowing through it.
13. Popular opinion among creatives ①is that art is a process ②which human beings express some idea or emotion, filter it through personal experience and ③set it against a broader cultural context—suggesting then that ④what AI generates at the behest of computer scientists is definitely not art, or at all creative.
14. You can find the Disneyland Dad easily at malls, ①little league fields, and ice cream parlors. He usually ②accompanies with a child busily eating food ③forbidden by Mom, wearing new clothes, or ④playing with expensive toys.

※[15–16] Read the following and answer the questions. [2.5 points each]

The purpose of the resume is to get you a job interview. Employers use resumes to ①_____ undesirable, or less desirable, candidates. Your resume should summarize your skills and experience, and convince employers of the value they will gain in hiring you. It's an advertisement for yourself, and as with all ads, it should generate interest and motivate the reader.

Before you prepare your resume, take a few moments to consider your marketable skills. Identify the strengths and accomplishments that are relevant to the position you are seeking, and present them as succinctly and as clearly as possible. You'll need to organize all of this information in no more than two pages, in an easy-to-read, attractive format. Beyond this, there are no hard-and-fast rules about writing resumes.

15. Which best fits in the blank ①?
- ① put out ② take on
③ catch on ④ screen out
16. Which is NOT mentioned in the passage?
- ① purpose of the resume
② variations of the resume format
③ necessary contents of the resume
④ guiding principles in writing resumes

※[17–19] Read the following and answer the questions.

When Annette Poitras ①_____, winded and dazed, two sets of canine eyes were peering back into hers. Moments before — or was it hours? — the professional dog-walker had been working her way along a familiar gravel trail that snakes across Eagle Mountain, a ten-minute drive from her home.

She had three charges with her: Roxy (a boxer), Bubba (a 13-year-old puggle) and Chloe (her own black-and-white border collie). When the quartet came across a fallen tree — its trunk, thick as a barrel, stretching over an expanse of soggy moss a metre below — Poitras clambered up to cross over it. That morning, after a walk in the rain, she had exchanged her ②soaked hiking boots for gum-boots. As she trod on the slick wood, she'd slipped, slamming into the log. Hitting her head on the way down, Poitras had plummeted to the forest floor below.

Now, as she lay on the ground, pain shot from her left armpit all the way down to her calf and she wondered, dizzily, if she'd cracked a rib. She hadn't broken her back, she figured, because she was able to stand up and carefully climb back onto firm terrain.

Looking around past Roxy and Chloe, ③unleashed at her side, Poitras realised that Bubba had bolted. She didn't know what time it was or how long she'd been knocked out. But she knew she needed to find that puggle before she could get off the mountain. She adored the dogs—leaving one behind was unthinkable.

17. Which does NOT fit in the blank ①? [3 points]

- ① saw to ② came to
③ woke up ④ came round

18. Which is closest in meaning to the underlined

②soaked and ③unleashed? [2.5 points]

- | | |
|------------|-------------|
| ① wet | ② untied |
| ② seared | ③ left |
| ③ sturdy | ④ set loose |
| ④ worn out | ⑤ relieved |

19. According to the passage, which is true? [3 points]

- ① It was her boots that caused Poitras' accident.
② Poitras didn't realize that she had cracked a rib.
③ While Poitras was unconscious, her own dog ran away.
④ Poitras' job ethic wouldn't allow her to come down without the missing dog.

***Read the following and answer the question. [2.5 points]**

One of a pair of identical twins was given a lot of early practice at a particular skill, such as crawling. Later, the other twin was given a brief period of practice and the performance of both twins was compared. In general, the twins performed about the same if the least practised one had had even a little practice. For basic motor skills, a little practice later (when the child is physically more mature) can be as good as a lot of practice earlier.

20. What is the passage mainly about?

- ① Practice makes perfect.
- ② The less practice, the better performance.
- ③ Overstimulation can be remedied by the environments.
- ④ Early practice makes little difference in basic motor skills.

***[21–22] Read the following and answer the questions. [2.5 points each]**

Several studies suggest that there are gender differences in language use in children as young as 3 years old. Preschool boys tend to be more assertive and demanding in their conversational style, whereas preschool girls tend to be more polite and cooperative.

[I] And, when conflict arises, boys handle it differently than girls do. Amy Sheldon (1990) videotaped same-sex triads of preschool girls and boys at a day care center.

[II] Given these gender differences in preschoolers' conversational style, perhaps it is not surprising that there are more disputes when preschool boys interact than when preschool girls interact.

[III] For example, it was found that boys tended to use simple imperatives in talking to their partner in pretend play. Girls in the same situation used fewer simple imperatives and instead used language that included the other child in planning.

She observed that when the boys had conflicts, they frequently issued directives and made threats. The girls, in contrast, tended more to try to negotiate a settlement.

21. Which is the proper order of [I]-[III]?

- ① [I]-[II]-[III]
- ② [I]-[III]-[II]
- ③ [III]-[I]-[II]
- ④ [III]-[II]-[I]

22. According to the passage, which would be an example of a boy's utterance?

- ① Let's sit down and use it, OK?
- ② That's mine! Give me the truck.
- ③ I give you the cupcake. You give me the cookie.
- ④ I'll be the doctor for my baby and you be the doctor for your baby.

***[23–25] Read the following and answer the questions. [2.5 points each]**

One morning, after I had been hanging the washing out to dry, something glistened in front of me. With the morning sun shining in my eyes, I squinted to find the most glorious masterpiece in our garden.

ⒶThe mini architect had Ⓑmeticulously spun its web across the path, from the roof to the fence. I stared in awe at the fine artistry of Ⓒour garden resident. Spanning about two metres, it was truly a magical sight. The web gently danced in the morning breeze, reflecting light from the sun. It was as if the spider had spun a fine web from rays of sunlight itself.

How did it weave its web from the roof to the fence? It's almost as if it built a house while enjoying extreme sports at the same time. Very carefully, I ducked my head under the web, taking great care not to ruin Ⓓthe spider's creation.

Later that day I went back to the web to take another look. My heart sank. The beautiful web was now broken and swaying aimlessly in the breeze. It was nothing more than a few pitiful strands hanging loose. I almost choked on emotion. "Sorry, Ⓔlittle fella. It was such a splendid structure."

But the very next morning, Ⓐ_____, there was another castle floating in the air. The mini architect had come back to work.

23. Which is closest in meaning to the underlined Ⓑmeticulously?

- ① thoroughly
- ② involuntarily
- ③ maliciously
- ④ contemptuously

24. Which is different from the others in its meaning?

- ① A
- ② C
- ③ D
- ④ E

25. Which best fits in the blank Ⓐ?

- ① to my amazement
- ② to its disappointment
- ③ with high expectation
- ④ with immense satisfaction

※[26-27] Read the following and answer the questions. [2.5 points each]

Economics in great measure tries to uncover the processes that influence how people's lives come to be what they are. The discipline also tries to identify ways to influence those very processes so as to improve the prospects of those who are hugely constrained in what they can be and do. The former activity involves finding explanations, while the latter tries to identify policy prescriptions. Economists also make forecasts of what the conditions of economic life are going to be; but if the predictions are to be taken seriously, they have to be built on an understanding of the processes that shape people's lives; which is why the attempt to explain takes ①precedence over forecasting.

26. Which is closest in meaning to the underlined ①precedence?

- ① credit
- ② precedent
- ③ priority
- ④ significance

27. According to the passage, which is NOT the main concern of an economist?

- ① to make forecasts of the future economic conditions
- ② to help build economic policies designed to raise poor people's living standards
- ③ to identify the ways for the people to earn more money through wise investments
- ④ to understand and explain the processes which shaped the present economic situations

※[28-29] Read the following and answer the questions. [2.5 points each]

According to *The Newbury House Dictionary of American English*, gossip is "talk or writing about other people's actions or lives, sometimes untruthful." For example, if someone sees a friend crying, and then tells someone else that the friend was crying and has emotional problems, this is gossip. At first, gossip might not seem bad. One person tells a second person something private about someone else, and that second person tells a third, and so on. The information passes from person to person. ①_____, gossip is much more than just information. The gossip can grow and change. People often do not know all the facts. They

may add something untrue, either on purpose or not. ②_____, the person who is the subject of the gossip may be hurt. Because the results ③_____ from making the person feel bad to destroying his or her career, gossip is much worse than just "talk or writing."

28. Which pair best fits in the blanks ① and ②?

- | | |
|------------|-------------|
| ① | ② |
| ① However | In addition |
| ② Moreover | For example |
| ③ However | As a result |
| ④ Moreover | By the way |

29. Which best fits in the blank ③?

- ① range
- ② deliver
- ③ connect
- ④ alternate

※[30-32] Read the following and answer the questions. [3 points each]

Eugène Delacroix (1798-1863) was an important artist in the French Romantic movement, and some of his greatest works, like *Massacre at Chios*, depicted the horrors of war while also supporting revolutions against oppressive governments. Many of his later paintings depicted Arabic and Jewish culture, often based on sketches that he made while traveling in Spain and North Africa. Delacroix also illustrated books by William Shakespeare, Sir Walter Scott, and Johann Wolfgang von Goethe, and he earned a reputation as a writer on art and other subjects for his *Journals*. His painting *Liberty Leading the People* commemorates France's three-day July Revolution in 1830 when the *Trois Glorieuses*, a coalition of workers and the middle classes, deposed King Charles X and established a constitutional monarchy under King Louis-Philippe. The July Revolution was prompted by four proclamations signed by Charles that dissolved the National Assembly, ended freedom of the press, and created an electoral system that gave the aristocracy more power. *Liberty Leading the People* combines realism and allegory, with Liberty personified as both a mythical figure or goddess and a woman of the people leading the rebels on the bloodiest day of the revolution. Delacroix created this painting for a May 1831 exhibit celebrating the revolution at the Salon in Paris. But because

government officials feared that Delacroix's painting would encourage more insurrections, *Liberty Leading the People* was exhibited only rarely after the Salon until it entered the Louvre in 1874. Now Delacroix's painting is associated with patriotism for the French Republic, so much so that the portrait appeared on the back of the hundred-franc note for fifteen years.

30. Which does NOT describe Delacroix's career?

- ① artist
- ② writer
- ③ illustrator
- ④ journalist

31. According to the passage, which is true?

- ① France's July Revolution in 1830 ended up in abolishing monarchy permanently.
- ② Some of Delacroix's great works reflect the ideals of the French Romanticism.
- ③ In France's July Revolution in 1830 workers, the middle classes and the aristocracy joined their force to overthrow the oppressive king's regime.
- ④ Delacroix made his paintings on Arabic and Jewish culture directly from his memory of traveling experiences in Arabic and Jewish communities.

32. According to the passage, which is NOT true about *Liberty Leading the People*?

- ① It is particularly famous for its championing the cause of freedom.
- ② It describes the revolution scene on the street predominantly in the realistic mode.
- ③ It is so endeared by the French people that it has been displayed on money for 15 years.
- ④ It was seldom exhibited in France for decades even after the success of the July Revolution in 1830.

※[33-34] Read the following and answer the questions.

When people feel truly heard, they are more likely to return that favour by thinking highly of you, entertaining your points of view and cooperating with you. However, active listening requires effort. First of all, you have to stay in the moment, focusing fully on what the speaker is saying, both verbally and physically. If your mind wanders, ㉠_____ as soon as you notice. Most importantly, don't assume you know where the other person is going: be open to hearing something you may not have expected. Next, you should demonstrate to the speaker that you're listening. You can do this by making eye contact, nodding, inserting

short acknowledgements such as 'Uh-huh' or 'Yeah', paraphrasing their comments or asking questions. It's true that some of these signals can be fudged, but watch out: many speakers can sense the difference between an active listener and a ㉡_____ listener.

33. Which best fits in the blank ㉠? [3 points]

- ① own up
- ② get away
- ③ snap back
- ④ come forward

34. Which best fits in the blank ㉡? [2.5 points]

- ① phony
- ② prudent
- ③ positive
- ④ penitent

※[35-36] Read the following and answer the questions. [2.5 points each]

As a freshman at the University of Houston in 1995, Jennifer Massey signed up for a credit card and got a free T-shirt. A year later, she had piled up about \$20,000 in debt on 14 credit cards.

Paige Hall, 26, returned from her honeymoon in 1997 to find herself laid off from her job at an Atlanta mortgage company. She was out of work for four months. She and her husband, Kevin, soon were trying to figure out how to pay \$18,200 in bills from their wedding, honeymoon and furnishings for their new home.

By the time Mistie Medendorp was 25, she had \$10,000 in credit card debt and \$12,000 in student loans.

Like no other generation, today's 18- to 29-year-olds have grown up with ㉢a culture of debt—a product of easy credit, a booming economy and expensive lifestyles. They often live paycheck to paycheck, using credit cards and loans to finance restaurant meals, high-tech toys and new cars they couldn't otherwise afford, according to market researchers and debt counselors.

35. Which is the best title for the passage?

- ① Virtue of Frugality
- ② Danger of Credit Cards
- ③ Debt-ridden Young Americans
- ④ Young Americans' Carefree Lifestyles

36. Which is NOT the cause of the underlined

㉢a culture of debt?

- ① easy credit
- ② mass lay-off
- ③ booming economy
- ④ expensive lifestyle

