

지원 학부 · 과 (전공)

수험번호

성명

※[1-4] Choose the one that is grammatically INCORRECT. [2 points each]

1. Loneliness is the ①hidden scourge of modern life, but a new community initiative ②shows how social isolation can be ③beaten, ④lead to better health.
2. It is a bad idea to take a shower during a thunderstorm. If lightning ①hits your house, it can travel through your ②plumbing and shock anyone ③whoever comes into contact with water ④flowing through it.
3. Popular opinion among creatives ①is that art is a process ②which human beings express some idea or emotion, filter it through personal experience and ③set it against a broader cultural context—suggesting then that ④what AI generates at the behest of computer scientists is definitely not art, or at all creative.
4. You can find the Disneyland Dad easily at malls, ①little league fields, and ice cream parlors. He usually ②accompanies with a child busily eating food ③forbidden by Mom, wearing new clothes, or ④playing with expensive toys.

※[5-10] Choose the one that is closest in meaning to the underlined word(s). [2 points each]

5. When such young people go to a university they probably discover congenial souls and enjoy a few years of great happiness.

① kindred	② virtuous
③ romantic	④ immortal
6. Once in a dry season, I wrote in large letters across two pages of notebook that innocence ends when one is stripped of the delusion that one likes oneself.

① belief	② confidence
③ abstraction	④ misconception

7. Although it's proverbial that you can't miss what you never had, or what never truly was, romantic notions of black people's unity and struggle in the past magnify the despair of present realities.

- | | |
|--------------|-----------------|
| ① provable | ② illuminating |
| ③ well-known | ④ controversial |

8. Stress leads to symptoms such as elevated heart rate, and altered gastrointestinal and reproductive function. We also know that for both humans and animals, stress can increase susceptibility to infection.

- | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| ① defence | ② immunity |
| ③ insensitivity | ④ vulnerability |

9. The Foundation for Human Rights has decried the verdict, saying it is “deeply problematic” and that there is a fundamental flaw in the way in which the International Athletics Federation has approached the issue.

- | | |
|-----------------|------------------|
| ① has pleaded | ② has criticized |
| ③ has triggered | ④ has emphasized |

10. Owing to all these differences of outlook a person of given tastes and convictions may find himself practically an outcast while he lives in one set, although in another set he would be accepted as an entirely ordinary human being.

- | | |
|--------------|---------------|
| ① boosts | ② aptitudes |
| ③ principles | ④ conventions |

※[11-14] Choose the one that best completes the sentence. [2.5 points each]

11. Relativism taken to its limit becomes _____: not the view that each culture or society has its own truth, but that each individual has his or her own truth.

- | | |
|---------------|----------------|
| ① pluralism | ② absolutism |
| ③ determinism | ④ subjectivism |

※[19–20] Read the following and answer the questions. [2.5 points each]

The purpose of the resume is to get you a job interview. Employers use resumes to ㉠_____ undesirable, or less desirable, candidates. Your resume should summarize your skills and experience, and convince employers of the value they will gain in hiring you. It's an advertisement for yourself, and as with all ads, it should generate interest and motivate the reader.

Before you prepare your resume, take a few moments to consider your marketable skills. Identify the strengths and accomplishments that are relevant to the position you are seeking, and present them as succinctly and as clearly as possible. You'll need to organize all of this information in no more than two pages, in an easy-to-read, attractive format. Beyond this, there are no hard-and-fast rules about writing resumes.

19. Which best fits in the blank ㉠?

- ① put out ② take on
③ catch on ④ screen out

20. Which is NOT mentioned in the passage?

- ① purpose of the resume
② variations of the resume format
③ necessary contents of the resume
④ guiding principles in writing resumes

※[21–22] Read the following and answer the questions. [2.5 points each]

According to *The Newbury House Dictionary of American English*, gossip is “talk or writing about other people’s actions or lives, sometimes untruthful.” For example, if someone sees a friend crying, and then tells someone else that the friend was crying and has emotional problems, this is gossip. At first, gossip might not seem bad. One person tells a second person something private about someone else, and that second person tells a third, and so on. The information passes from person to person. ㉠_____, gossip is much more than just information. The gossip can grow and change. People often do not know all the facts. They may add something untrue, either on purpose or not. ㉡_____, the person who is the subject of the gossip may be hurt. Because the results ㉢_____ from making the person

feel bad to destroying his or her career, gossip is much worse than just “talk or writing.”

21. Which pair best fits in the blanks ㉠ and ㉡?

- | | |
|------------|-------------|
| ㉠ | ㉡ |
| ① However | In addition |
| ② Moreover | For example |
| ③ However | As a result |
| ④ Moreover | By the way |

22. Which best fits in the blank ㉢?

- ① range ② deliver
③ connect ④ alternate

※[23–24] Read the following and answer the questions. [2.5 points each]

Economics in great measure tries to uncover the processes that influence how people’s lives come to be what they are. The discipline also tries to identify ways to influence those very processes so as to improve the prospects of those who are hugely constrained in what they can be and do. The former activity involves finding explanations, while the latter tries to identify policy prescriptions. Economists also make forecasts of what the conditions of economic life are going to be; but if the predictions are to be taken seriously, they have to be built on an understanding of the processes that shape people’s lives; which is why the attempt to explain takes ㉠precedence over forecasting.

23. Which is closest in meaning to the underlined

- ㉠precedence?
- ① credit ② precedent
③ priority ④ significance

24. According to the passage, which is NOT the main concern of an economist?

- ① to make forecasts of the future economic conditions
② to help build economic policies designed to raise poor people’s living standards
③ to identify the ways for the people to earn more money through wise investments
④ to understand and explain the processes which shaped the present economic situations

※[25-26] Read the following and answer the questions. [2.5 points each]

As a freshman at the University of Houston in 1995, Jennifer Massey signed up for a credit card and got a free T-shirt. A year later, she had piled up about \$20,000 in debt on 14 credit cards.

Paige Hall, 26, returned from her honeymoon in 1997 to find herself laid off from her job at an Atlanta mortgage company. She was out of work for four months. She and her husband, Kevin, soon were trying to figure out how to pay \$18,200 in bills from their wedding, honeymoon and furnishings for their new home.

By the time Mistie Medendorp was 25, she had \$10,000 in credit card debt and \$12,000 in student loans.

Like no other generation, today's 18- to 29-year-olds have grown up with Ⓐ a culture of debt—a product of easy credit, a booming economy and expensive lifestyles. They often live paycheck to paycheck, using credit cards and loans to finance restaurant meals, high-tech toys and new cars they couldn't otherwise afford, according to market researchers and debt counselors.

25. Which is the best title for the passage?

- ① Virtue of Frugality
- ② Danger of Credit Cards
- ③ Debt-ridden Young Americans
- ④ Young Americans' Carefree Lifestyles

26. Which is NOT the cause of the underlined

Ⓐ a culture of debt?

- ① easy credit
- ② mass lay-off
- ③ booming economy
- ④ expensive lifestyle

※[27-28] Read the following and answer the questions. [3 points each]

What is consciousness? This may sound like a simple question but it is not. Consciousness is at once the most obvious and the most difficult thing we can investigate. We seem either to have to use consciousness to investigate itself, which is Ⓐ a slightly weird idea, or to have to extricate ourselves from Ⓑ the very thing we want to study. No wonder that philosophers and scientists have struggled for millennia with Ⓒ the concept, and that scientists rejected Ⓓ the whole idea for long periods

and refused even to study it. The good news is that, at the start of the 21st century, 'consciousness studies' is thriving. Psychology, biology, and neuroscience have reached the point when they are ready to confront some tricky questions: What does consciousness do? Could we have evolved without it? What is consciousness, anyway?

27. Which is different from the others in its meaning?

- ① Ⓐ
- ② Ⓑ
- ③ Ⓒ
- ④ Ⓓ

28. According to the passage, which is NOT true?

- ① Consciousness was a subject long overlooked by scientists.
- ② It is rather a recent phenomenon that many scientists are involved in studying consciousness.
- ③ Consciousness is something paradoxical in that its investigation seems at once simple and difficult.
- ④ Some tricky questions about consciousness have already been solved through inter-disciplinary studies.

※[29-31] Read the following and answer the questions. [2.5 points each]

One morning, after I had been hanging the washing out to dry, something glistened in front of me. With the morning sun shining in my eyes, I squinted to find the most glorious masterpiece in our garden.

Ⓐ The mini architect had Ⓑ meticulously spun its web across the path, from the roof to the fence. I stared in awe at the fine artistry of Ⓒ our garden resident. Spanning about two metres, it was truly a magical sight. The web gently danced in the morning breeze, reflecting light from the sun. It was as if the spider had spun a fine web from rays of sunlight itself.

How did it weave its web from the roof to the fence? It's almost as if it built a house while enjoying extreme sports at the same time. Very carefully, I ducked my head under the web, taking great care not to ruin Ⓓ the spider's creation.

Later that day I went back to the web to take another look. My heart sank. The beautiful web was now broken and swaying aimlessly in the breeze. It was nothing more than a few pitiful

strands hanging loose. I almost choked on emotion. "Sorry, little fella. It was such a splendid structure."

But the very next morning, a _____, there was another castle floating in the air. The mini architect had come back to work.

29. Which is closest in meaning to the underlined meticulously?

- ① thoroughly ② involuntarily
- ③ maliciously ④ contemptuously

30. Which is different from the others in its meaning?

- ① A ② C
- ③ D ④ E

31. Which best fits in the blank a?

- ① to my amazement
- ② to its disappointment
- ③ with high expectation
- ④ with immense satisfaction

※[32-33] Read the following and answer the questions. [3 points each]

I think that in general, apart from expert opinion, there is too much respect paid to the opinions of others, both in great matters and in small ones. One should respect public opinion in so far as it is necessary in order to avoid starvation and to keep out of prison, but anything that goes beyond this is voluntary submission to an unnecessary tyranny, and is likely to a _____ happiness in all kinds of ways. Take, for example, the matter of expenditure. Very many people spend money in ways quite different from those that their natural tastes would enjoin, merely because they feel that the respect of their neighbors depends upon their possession of a good car and their ability to give good dinners. As a matter of fact, any man who can obviously afford a car but genuinely prefers travel or a good library will in the end be much more respected than if he behaved exactly like every one else. There is of course no point in deliberately flouting public opinion; this is still to be under its domination, though in a topsy-turvy way. But to be genuinely indifferent to it is both a strength and a source of happiness.

32. Which best fits in the blank a?

- ① indulge in ② affiliate with
- ③ triumph over ④ interfere with

33. Which is closest in meaning to the underlined enjoin?

- ① alter ② refuse
- ③ replace ④ demand

※[34-35] Read the following and answer the questions. [2.5 points each]

Several studies suggest that there are gender differences in language use in children as young as 3 years old. Preschool boys tend to be more assertive and demanding in their conversational style, whereas preschool girls tend to be more polite and cooperative.

[I] And, when conflict arises, boys handle it differently than girls do. Amy Sheldon (1990) videotaped same-sex triads of preschool girls and boys at a day care center.

[II] Given these gender differences in preschoolers' conversational style, perhaps it is not surprising that there are more disputes when preschool boys interact than when preschool girls interact.

[III] For example, it was found that boys tended to use simple imperatives in talking to their partner in pretend play. Girls in the same situation used fewer simple imperatives and instead used language that included the other child in planning.

She observed that when the boys had conflicts, they frequently issued directives and made threats. The girls, in contrast, tended more to try to negotiate a settlement.

34. Which is the proper order of [I]-[III]?

- ① [I]-[II]-[III] ② [I]-[III]-[II]
- ③ [III]-[I]-[II] ④ [III]-[II]-[I]

35. According to the passage, which would be an example of a boy's utterance?

- ① Let's sit down and use it, OK?
- ② That's mine! Give me the truck.
- ③ I give you the cupcake. You give me the cookie.
- ④ I'll be the doctor for my baby and you be the doctor for your baby.

※[36-37] Read the following and answer the questions.

When people feel truly heard, they are more likely to return that favour by thinking highly of you, entertaining your points of view and cooperating with you. However, active listening requires effort. First of all, you have to stay in the moment, focusing fully on what the speaker is saying, both verbally and physically. If your mind wanders, ㉠_____ as soon as you notice. Most importantly, don't assume you know where the other person is going: be open to hearing something you may not have expected. Next, you should demonstrate to the speaker that you're listening. You can do this by making eye contact, nodding, inserting short acknowledgements such as 'Uh-huh' or 'Yeah', paraphrasing their comments or asking questions. It's true that some of these signals can be fudged, but watch out: many speakers can sense the difference between an active listener and a ㉡_____ listener.

36. Which best fits in the blank ㉠? [3 points]

- ① own up ② get away
③ snap back ④ come forward

37. Which best fits in the blank ㉡? [2.5 points]

- ① phony ② prudent
③ positive ④ penitent

※[38-40] Read the following and answer the questions. [3 points each]

Eugène Delacroix (1798-1863) was an important artist in the French Romantic movement, and some of his greatest works, like *Massacre at Chios*, depicted the horrors of war while also supporting revolutions against oppressive governments. Many of his later paintings depicted Arabic and Jewish culture, often based on sketches that he made while traveling in Spain and North Africa. Delacroix also illustrated books by William Shakespeare, Sir Walter Scott, and Johann Wolfgang von Goethe, and he earned a reputation as a writer on art and other subjects for his *Journals*. His painting *Liberty Leading the People* commemorates France's three-day July Revolution in 1830 when the Trois Glorieuses, a coalition of workers and the middle classes, deposed King Charles X and established a

constitutional monarchy under King Louis-Philippe. The July Revolution was prompted by four proclamations signed by Charles that dissolved the National Assembly, ended freedom of the press, and created an electoral system that gave the aristocracy more power. *Liberty Leading the People* combines realism and allegory, with Liberty personified as both a mythical figure or goddess and a woman of the people leading the rebels on the bloodiest day of the revolution. Delacroix created this painting for a May 1831 exhibit celebrating the revolution at the Salon in Paris. But because government officials feared that Delacroix's painting would encourage more insurrections, *Liberty Leading the People* was exhibited only rarely after the Salon until it entered the Louvre in 1874. Now Delacroix's painting is associated with patriotism for the French Republic, so much so that the portrait appeared on the back of the hundred-franc note for fifteen years.

38. Which does NOT describe Delacroix's career?

- ① artist ② writer
③ illustrator ④ journalist

39. According to the passage, which is true?

- ① France's July Revolution in 1830 ended up in abolishing monarchy permanently.
② Some of Delacroix's great works reflect the ideals of the French Romanticism.
③ In France's July Revolution in 1830 workers, the middle classes and the aristocracy joined their force to overthrow the oppressive king's regime.
④ Delacroix made his paintings on Arabic and Jewish culture directly from his memory of traveling experiences in Arabic and Jewish communities.

40. According to the passage, which is NOT true about *Liberty Leading the People*?

- ① It is particularly famous for its championing the cause of freedom.
② It describes the revolution scene on the street predominantly in the realistic mode.
③ It is so endeared by the French people that it has been displayed on money for 15 years.
④ It was seldom exhibited in France for decades even after the success of the July Revolution in 1830.